

**BELIZE:**

**ELECTRICITY LICENSING AND CONSENT  
REGULATIONS, 2026**

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**BELIZE:**

**STATUTORY INSTRUMENT**

**No. 47 of 2026**

*REGULATIONS made by the Public Utilities Commission, with the approval of the Minister responsible for electricity, in exercise of the powers conferred upon them by section 58 of the Electricity Act, Chapter 221 of the Substantive Laws of Belize, Revised Edition 2020, and all other powers thereunto them enabling.*

*(Gazetted 5th May, 2026).*

**PART I**

*Preliminary*

1. These Regulations may be cited as the

Citation.

**ELECTRICITY LICENSING AND CONSENT  
REGULATIONS, 2026.**

2. In these Regulations—

Interpretation.

“Act” means the Electricity Act;

“aggregator” means a class of licence issued under these Regulations to any person who owns or operates distributed energy resources and who seeks to collectively undertake commercial arrangements with a network and retail licensee;

“application” means an application for a licence, consent, permit, transfer, renewal or modification of a licence or permit under these Regulations;

“backup generation and supply” means a class of licence issued to any person who, for the purpose of supplying

themselves whenever there is an interruption to their main electricity supply–

- (a) generates electricity as a backup facility in order to supply power; or
- (b) installs energy storage systems, subject to the applicable capacity limit established by the Commission under regulation 9.

“capacity limit” means the maximum capacity for electricity generation, transmission, storage or distribution for a particular licence class as specified, from time to time, by Order of the Commission;

“community generation and supply” means a class of licence issued to any person who generates electricity and the entire output is for the purpose of supplying an unserved or underserved community as determined by the Commission;

“defective filing” means a licence application which does not meet all formal and procedural requirements under these Regulations or any other law;

“distributed energy resources” means small-scale electricity supply or demand side resources that are interconnected to the electrical grid and are energy resources located close to load centres that can be used individually or in aggregate;

“effective date” means the date on which a licence takes legal effect;

“electricity activities” means electricity services that persons undertake or intend to undertake, including, but not limited to, electricity generation, cogeneration, provision of energy storage and ancillary services, system operations, and the transmission of electricity, its distribution, supply, provision of distributed energy resources, and trading;

“grid code” means the technical specifications which define the parameters a facility connected to a public electric grid has to meet to ensure safe, secure and proper functioning of the electric system;

“independent power producers” or “IPP” means a class of licence to generate or store electricity issued to any person only after that person is successful in any calls for competition administered by the Commission;

“intermediate distributed generation” means a class of licence with a generation capacity limit as established by the Commission under regulation 9, issued to any person who–

- (a) generates electricity from a capacity not exceeding the peak demand for oneself; and
- (b) is permitted to sell the excess and to trade electricity services with the network and retail licensee.;

“intermediate self-generation and supply” means a class of licence with a generation capacity limit as established by the Commission under regulation 9, issued to any person who–

- (a) is not grid-connected; and
- (b) generates electricity for self-supply, with the entire output used for that purpose;

“kW” means a thousand Watts;

“kWh” means a thousand Watt-hours;

“licence” refers to any document issued by the Commission which authorizes the licensee to carry out the activity specified in the licence under the conditions prescribed in the licence;

“licence applicant” means any person who files an application for the issuance of a licence in accordance with these Regulations;

“licensee” means any person who holds a licence issued by the Commission under these Regulations;

“major distributed generation” means a class of licence with a generation capacity limit as established by the Commission under regulation 9, issued to any person who–

- (a) generates electricity from a capacity not exceeding their peak demand for oneself; and
- (b) is permitted to sell the excess;

“major self-generation and supply” means a class of licence with a generation capacity limit as established by the Commission under regulation 9, issued to any person who–

- (a) is not grid-connected; and
- (b) generates electricity for self-supply, with the entire output used for that purpose;

“minor distributed generation” means a class of licence with a generation capacity limit as established by the Commission under regulation 9, issued to any person who generates electricity for personal use and is permitted to sell the excess;

“minor self-generation and supply” means a class of licence with a generation capacity limit as established by the Commission under regulation 9, issued to any person who–

- (a) is not grid-connected; and
- (b) generates electricity for self-supply, with the entire output used for that purpose;

“MW” means a million Watts;

“MWh” means a million Watt-hours;

“network licence” means a class of licence issued to a person for the transmission of electricity in an authorised area;

“network and retail” means a licence issued to a person for the transmission, distribution and supply of electricity in an authorised area;

“person” means an individual, company or organization;

“reseller” means a class of licence issued to any person who procure electricity for the purpose of supplying electricity services to other persons within a defined physical area;

“Sole-sourced IPP” means a class of licence to generate or store electricity, issued to a single developer without competition often justified for unique circumstances, as determined by the Commission, such as expansions, emergencies, or innovative proposals;

“temporary generation” means a class of licence issued to a person for the provision of electricity at a defined site, and for a period not exceeding one year, to facilitate construction, commissioning, public events, emergency response, or other similar short-term activities;

**3.-(1)** These Regulations shall govern the granting, modification, renewal, withdrawal, suspension and cancellation of licences and consent to persons who undertake the generation, transmission, distribution or supply of electricity through the prescribed licence and consent regime.

**Application  
and scope.**

(2) Notwithstanding sub-regulation (1), any operation of a project meant for electricity self-generation and supply for no more than seventy-five kilowatts (75 kW) shall not require a licence or consent under these Regulations, but the Commission may require such persons to provide such information or to register such operations, in such form and manner as may be specified by the Commission, for the purposes of monitoring, safety and compliance.

## PART II

*Licence Categories and Licensee Responsibilities*

Types of  
licences.

4.–(1) The Commission may issue a licence for the generation, transmission and supply of electricity under one of the following categories–

(a) licence to all persons–

(i) minor self-generation and supply;

(ii) minor distributed generation;

(iii) backup generation and supply;

(iv) intermediate self-generation and supply;  
and

(v) intermediate distributed generation;

(b) licence to persons of a class–

(i) community generation and supply;

(ii) reseller;

(iii) aggregator; and

(iv) temporary generation; and

(c) licence to a particular person–

(i) major self-generation and supply;

(ii) major distributed generation;

(iii) independent power producers;

- (iv) network licence;
- (v) network and retail; and
- (vi) Sole-sourced IPP.

**5.-(1)** The generation or storage of electric power shall be subject to a licence issued by the Commission.

Licence for  
electricity  
generation.

(2) The holder of a licence for generation or storage of electricity may, subject to the approval of the Commission, have the right to—

- (a) generate or store electrical power to enable a supply to oneself;
- (b) generate or store electrical power for one self and sell it to other licensees or other customers in an authorised area, subject to market rules promoting competition, as promulgated by the Commission; or
- (c) access the transmission or distribution networks in accordance with a contractual agreement between the licensee and any other licensees.

**6.-(1)** The transmission of electric power shall be subject to a licence issued by the Commission.

Licence for  
electricity  
transmission.

(2) The holder of a licence for transmission of electricity shall have the right to—

- (a) transmit electrical energy inside Belize on their network to other licensees connected to the transmission network inside their authorised area;
- (b) use the transmission network for the provision of non-electricity services, subject to any

infrastructure sharing or joint use approved by the Commission; and

- (c) transmit electrical energy on a cross border basis subject to terms and conditions approved by the Commission.

Licence for electricity supply.

7.–(1) The supply of electricity shall be subject to a licence issued by the Commission.

(2) The holder of a licence for supply of electricity shall have the right to–

- (a) purchase electrical power from generation, transmission or other supply licensees and sell it to consumers inside Belize, consistent with any licence conditions set by the Commission;
- (b) access the distribution network in accordance with a licence obligations and associated general terms and conditions set by the Commission; and
- (c) use its distribution and supply network for the provision of non-electricity services, subject to any infrastructure sharing or joint use approved by the Commission.

Prohibitions for licensee.

8. A licensee shall not–

- (a) perform other electricity functions or activities outside those authorized in any licence conditions explicitly set by the Commission;
- (b) perform any modifications which might influence the compatibility of the network with generators, distribution networks and neighbouring networks, which may adversely affect safety and the security of supply.

9.–(1) The Commission shall by Order establish the capacity limits of each applicable class of licence required pursuant to these regulations.

Capacity limits for licence types

(2) Prior to finalizing an Order establishing capacity limits under sub-regulation (1), the Commission may publish a draft of the proposed capacity limits and invite interested parties to submit written comments for consideration within fourteen days of the date of publication on the proposed limits.

### PART III

#### *Registration and Licence Application Procedure*

10. An application for registration or for a licence shall be made in the form and manner prescribed by the Commission.

Licence compliance

11. A licensee shall comply with all terms and conditions of a licence set by the Commission.

Form of Application

12. The Commission shall review all applications and shall process them in accordance with these Regulations.

Licence application submission and review.

13.–(1) An applicant for a licence shall pay to the Commission the applicable non-refundable application or registration fee as set out in Schedule I.

Fees. Schedule I.

(2) A licensee shall pay the applicable Annual Licence Fee as set out in Schedule I, comprising a Fixed Component and a Variable Component.

(3) The Annual Licence Fee, other than any Variable Component determined in accordance with sub-regulation (4), shall be payable–

- (a) on each anniversary of the effective date of the licence for the duration of the licence; and

- (b) where the licence is surrendered—
  - (i) before the first anniversary, on a pro-rated basis from the effective date to the date of surrender; or
  - (ii) after an anniversary, on a pro-rated basis from the last anniversary to the date of surrender.

(4) Where a Variable Component of the Annual Licence Fee is specified in the applicable Schedule to be determined by reference to audited financial statements, that component shall be calculated as follows—

- (a) on the basis of the licensee's declared unaudited gross earnings attributable to the activities authorised under the licence for the relevant financial year; or
- (b) where such unaudited gross earnings are not provided, then on the basis of the most recent audited financial statements available.

(5) The Variable Component referred to in sub-regulation (4) shall be payable within one month of the commencement of the licensee's financial year, or such other period as may be specified by the Commission.

(6) Upon submission of the audited financial statements for the relevant financial year, the Variable Component of the Annual Licence Fee shall be recalculated and any underpayment shall be payable by the licensee, or any overpayment shall be refunded or credited towards the next payment due.

(7) A licensee shall submit its audited financial statements within such period as may be specified by the Commission.

**14.**-(1) A licence application determined by the Commission to be incomplete shall be considered a defective filing.

**Defective filing.**

(2) A licence application from an applicant who has not made full payment of all fees due to the Commission under a prior licence shall be considered a defective filing until full payment of the outstanding balance is made.

(3) The Commission may require the applicant to cure the defective filing before any further Commission proceedings take place.

**15.**-(1) A person who intends to undertake an activity falling within the scope of a licence to all persons shall submit such information to the Commission in the form and manner specified by the Commission.

**Licence application procedure.**

(2) The Commission shall review the information submitted under sub-regulation (1) for the purpose of confirming that the activity falls within the scope of the relevant licence to all persons and complies with any applicable requirements.

(3) Where the Commission is satisfied that the activity falls within the scope of the relevant licence, the Commission shall notify the person in writing, and the person may, upon such notification, undertake the activity under that licence.

(4) An applicant for a licence to persons of a class and licence to a particular person shall, within fourteen days after the making of such an application, publish a copy of their application in the prescribed manner.

**16.**-(1) Upon receipt of a licence application, the Commission shall cause a file to be opened to track the application which shall reflect all procedural and substantive decisions made on the licence application.

**Procedure and decision on licence application.**

(2) The Commission shall, within a reasonable time not exceeding ninety days after the receipt of the application, complete its review against the criteria for licence issuance under regulation 17 and notify the applicant as to whether the application–

- (a) is complete and satisfies the requirements for licence issuance, subject to the procedures for public consultation specified herein;
- (b) is defective and needs to be resubmitted for review after the defects have been cured and that such resubmission shall be treated as an application in the first instance;
- (c) is incomplete but may be further considered within its original application window provided that the missing data or information is submitted by a given deadline; or
- (d) is rejected in accordance with regulation 17 and advise whether or not the applicant is entitled to resubmit at a future point in time.

(3) If the Commission determines that the licence application is complete and satisfies the criteria, before granting the licence, it shall publish a public notice on the Commission’s website, at its headquarters or on any digital platforms that is widely used by the general public, stating–

- (a) that the Commission proposes to grant a licence to the applicant ;
- (b) the reasons why it proposes to grant a licence; and
- (c) specifying the time, not exceeding twenty-eight days from the date of publication of the notice,

within which any directly affected party or local authority may make representations or objections with respect to the proposed licence may be made.

(4) Any representation or objection under sub-regulation (3) shall be lodged with the Commission within the time specified in the notice and, in the case of an objection, shall clearly set out the reasons for their objection on either of the following grounds—

- (a) that the applicant fails to meet one or more of the criteria of licence issuance set out in regulation 17; or
- (b) that the objecting party can provide justification to support a rejection of the licence application for the reasons stated in regulation 18(c), (d) or (e).

(5) Within a period not exceeding fifteen days after receiving an objection from the public, the Commission shall notify the applicant and the objector in the case where the objection is found to be relevant and may schedule a hearing of objections or otherwise provide the applicant an opportunity to respond in writing to the objection within fourteen days from the day the applicant is notified.

(6) The hearing of objections shall be conducted under specific procedures issued by the Commission, and the duration of the hearing shall not be considered as part of the licence processing timeline.

(7) The Commission shall make known its decision regarding any objection within fourteen days of receiving the applicant's response to the objections or, where scheduled, within fourteen days after the conclusion of the hearing.

(8) In making its decision, the Commission shall inform the applicant in writing whether–

- (a) the licence is granted as requested;
- (b) the licence is granted with conditions precedent that must be satisfied to cure any defects identified or resolve any valid objections received; or
- (c) the licence application is rejected due to sufficient evidence to sustain any objections received and the Commission shall advise whether or not the applicant is entitled to resubmit at a future point in time.

Criteria  
for licence  
issuance.

17. The Commission shall issue a licence to an applicant who–

- (a) fulfils all technical, operational and safety conditions in accordance with applicable laws, regulations, and standards;
- (b) has demonstrated the technical and financial capacity and readiness to perform all related activities applied for and to provide safe and reliable services in accordance with all applicable laws, regulations and standards;
- (c) has demonstrated the technical and financial capacity to decommission the physical facilities covered by the licence upon termination of the licence term in full compliance with all applicable technical and environmental requirements;
- (d) has sufficient employees with appropriate qualifications to perform its activities;

- (e) has demonstrated the capacity to provide accounting reports and other financial information required by the Commission in the format and detail prescribed;
- (f) has provided appropriate financial guarantees of performance to assure that the licensee will fulfill all licence conditions, including, but not limited to, surety bonds, escrow accounts or letters of credit;
- (g) fulfils all established criteria for the protection of the environment;
- (h) has right, title and interest to conduct the proposed activities on the site selected, or can obtain such right, title and interest;
- (i) has demonstrated that they will comply with all applicable laws and other regulations, including but not limited to, regulations made by the Commission regulations and decisions of the Commission; and
- (j) has satisfied any other substantive criteria that the Commission determines necessary to fully protect the public health, safety and welfare.

18. The Commission shall reject a licence application if—

- (a) the application was incomplete and the requested information was not submitted within the deadline set by the Commission;
- (b) the applicant failed to demonstrate that it could meet the criteria for licence issuance under regulation 17;

**Reasons for rejection of licence application.**

- (c) the Commission determines that granting the licence may result in unfair competitive advantage or market disruption;
- (d) the Commission determines that granting of the licence may create excessive capacity or infrastructure duplication leading to economic or operational inefficiencies ; or
- (e) the Commission determines it is necessary to protect the public health, safety and welfare.

#### PART IV

##### *Licence Amendment and Renewal*

Application for renewal of licence.

**19.** A Licence holder shall file an application for any licence renewal at least one hundred and eighty days prior to the expiration of the current licence or such shorter period as the Commission may determine.

Procedure for renewal of licence.

**20.** A licence renewal shall be subject to the same procedures and approval criteria as an initial licence application.

Timing for renewal of licence by commission.

**21.** Where the Commission has decided to renew a licence, the Commission shall issue the licence not later than thirty days prior to the expiration of the current licence.

#### PART V

##### *Licence Withdrawal, Suspension, and Cancellation*

Withdrawal of licence.

**22.**-(1) The Commission may withdraw a licence not yet operational if the licensee-

- (a) obtained the licence through fraud or the misrepresentation or non-disclosure of a material fact; or

- (b) contravenes any provision of the Act, Regulations, Orders, or Codes of Practices;
- (c) fails to comply with the terms and conditions upon which the licence was issued; and
- (d) becomes insolvent or is adjudged bankrupt.

(2) The Commission shall inform the licensee in writing of the grounds upon which the Commission proposes to withdraw the licence and shall give the licensee a reasonable opportunity to make representations against the proposed withdrawal.

(3) Where the licensee chooses to make a representation, it shall make its representation within thirty days from the date of its receipt of the Commission's letter informing it of the grounds upon which the Commission proposes to withdraw its licence.

(4) The Commission shall take into cognizance the representation made by the licensee in reaching a final decision and such decision of the Commission shall be communicated to the licensee in writing.

(5) If the Commission decides to withdraw a licence, it shall notify the licensee of its decision in writing, and may make orders to that effect.

(6) A licence which has been withdrawn cannot be reactivated, amended, renewed, or have the tenure extended.

**23.**—(1) A licensee shall not surrender a licence without the prior written approval of the Commission.

**Surrender of licence.**

(2) A licensee seeking to surrender a licence shall submit a written request to the Commission specifying the proposed date of surrender.

(3) The Commission may approve the surrender subject to such conditions of the licence issued to the Licensee and to secure compliance with any outstanding obligations.

(4) A surrender shall take effect on the date specified in the Commission's approval.

Conduct  
inquiry.

**24.**—(1) The Commission may on its own initiative or upon receiving a complaint or information from any consumer, interested parties, other relevant authorities or other licensees, initiate an inquiry into the conduct or activities of any licensee.

Suspension and  
cancellation of  
licence.

**25.**—(1) The Commission may suspend or cancel a licence if the licensee—

- (a) obtained the licence through fraud or the misrepresentation or non-disclosure of a material fact;
- (b) willfully or unreasonably contravenes any provisions of the Act, Regulations, Orders, or Codes of Practices;
- (c) has failed to comply with any term or condition of the licence, the breach of which is expressly declared to render it liable to suspension or cancellation;
- (d) becomes insolvent or is adjudged bankrupt; or
- (e) is unable to fully and efficiently discharge the duties and obligations imposed by the licence due to financial constraints.

PART VI

*Consent*

26.–(1) Notwithstanding that a person may have a valid licence granted by the Commission, a generating station or facility shall not be constructed, extended or operated, except in accordance with a consent granted by the Commission.

Consent  
required for  
generation  
facilities and  
transmission  
lines.

(2) In granting consent under sub-regulation (1), the Commission may–

- (a) apply reasonable restrictions on the siting and operation of electric generators as they affect air emissions, water quality, noise, flora and fauna, archaeological patrimony and conflicting land uses; and
- (b) regulate the use of electric generators in order to promote health, safety, welfare gains and sustainable development goals.

(3) Notwithstanding that a person may have a valid licence granted by the Commission, and subject to the statutory exemptions set out in section 52(2) of the Act, an electric line shall not be installed or kept installed above or under the ground, except in accordance with a consent granted by the Commission.

(4) In granting consent under sub-regulation (3), the Commission may–

- (a) apply reasonable restrictions on the siting of electric lines as they affect flora and fauna, archaeological sites and conflicting land uses; and
- (b) regulate the use of electric lines in order to promote health, safety and sustainable development goals.

(5) The Commission may include such terms and conditions and such standards of construction or operation when granting consent that the Commission determines appropriate for the safe and proper operation and maintenance of any relevant facilities or for protection of, or mitigation against damage to, the physical environment.

(6) The Commission may by Order further elaborate on the types of generating stations and any related or associated production process defined as “relevant proposals” under the Act.

Exemption  
from consent.

**27.**—(1) Notwithstanding regulation 26, the Commission may by Order direct that regulation 26 shall not apply to generating stations and electric transmission lines of a particular class or description as specified in the Order either generally or for such purposes as may be specified in the Order.

(2) An exemption under sub-regulation (1) shall not exempt persons from having to obtain—

- (a) any requisite written approval in order to ensure compliance with the prevailing construction codes for electric systems; and
- (b) other permits or approvals from any local authorities, planning and building authorities or environmental compliance authorities as may be applicable.

(3) The Commission shall register a generation facility which is granted exemption from obtaining a consent.

Application for  
consent.

**28.**—(1) An application for consent under this Part shall be made in writing in such form and in such manner, and shall contain such information and particulars and shall be accompanied by such details as may from time to time be specified by the Commission or as may be contained in

any respective general authorisation made by Order of the Commission.

(2) Upon receipt of the application for a consent, the Commission shall review the application and notify the applicant within twenty-eight days of any further information required to process that application and of the deadline for submission of such further information.

(3) An application for a consent under this section shall be accompanied by the non-refundable fee set out in Schedule II.

Schedule II.

(4) Within fourteen days after making an application, the applicant shall—

- (a) publish a notice of the application in the prescribed manner; and
- (b) directly notify any relevant authorities having jurisdiction in respect of physical planning and approval of environmental compliance plans.

(5) The notices referred to in sub-regulation (4) shall specify a period of not less than twenty-eight days in which any interested person or any relevant authorities having jurisdiction in respect of physical planning and approval of environmental compliance plans may object.

(6) Before granting a consent, the Commission shall give notice—

- (a) stating that it proposes to grant the consent;
- (b) stating the reasons why it proposes to grant the Consent; and
- (c) specifying the time, not being less than twenty-eight days from the date of publication

of the notice, within which representations or objections with respect to the proposed consent may be made and shall consider any representations or objections which are duly made and not withdrawn.

(7) A notice under sub-regulation (6) shall be given by publication in such manner as the Commission considers appropriate for bringing it to the attention of persons likely to be affected by the granting of the consent.

(8) In deciding whether to grant a consent, the Commission shall take the following into account—

- (a) the matters set out in the application;
- (b) any submission received during the process of consultation; and
- (c) any other considerations the Commission determines necessary.

## PART VII

### *Miscellaneous Provisions*

Term of  
licences.

**29.**—(1) The Commission shall issue a licence for a defined period of time, and may make provisions for the licence to be renewed for a subsequent period thereafter.

(2) The maximum term for a licence shall be fifteen years, and the maximum renewal period shall be ten years.

(3) Where a person has enjoyed a licence term as prescribed in sub-regulation (2) and is desirous of continuing to conduct electricity activities, that person shall apply for a new licence as provided for in Part III.

**30.**—(1) Where the Government of Belize grants concession to a person to utilize public assets and resources to generate and supply electricity services, such concession does not prejudice or derogate from the duty of the Commission to issue licenses and grant consents to such persons.

Public Private Partnerships.

(2) Any person operating under any government concession, franchise agreement or public private partnership for the generation and supply of electricity services shall procure a licence and consent from the Commission for the said electricity activities.

(3) These regulations are subject to the rights vested in Fortis Belize Limited and its successors or assigns which is duly authorized to and shall continue to operate and carry on business pursuant to the Transaction Documents defined in the Electricity Acquisition (Settlement) Act, 2015.

(4) Subject to the rights vested in Fortis Belize Limited by the Transaction Documents, Fortis Belize Limited shall be required by these Regulations to obtain such Licence or Consent as may be required to lawfully generate, transmit or distribute energy, produced from solar or other sources which are not authorized or approved by the Transaction Documents.

**31.**—(1) It is an offence to conduct relevant electricity activities within Belize without obtaining the appropriate licence or consent of the Commission.

Offence and penalty.

(2) Offences and enforcement penalties shall be pursuant to the relevant provisions of the Electricity Act and the Public Utilities Commission Act.

CAP. 221.  
CAP. 223.

**32.**—(1) The Electricity Licensing and Consent Regulations is repealed.

Repeal and savings.

(2) Notwithstanding the repeal of the Electricity Licensing and Consent Regulations—

- (a) every licence issued and every consent granted under the repealed Regulations, and in force immediately before the coming into force of these Regulations, shall continue to be in force until the expiry of their current term; and
- (b) nothing in these Regulations shall affect any proceedings taken or a right which has accrued or a liability which has been incurred under the repealed Regulations.

SCHEDULE I  
[regulation 13 ]

**LICENCE FEES**

**LICENCE TO ALL PERSONS**

Licence Category	Registration	Annual Licence Fee		
		Fixed Component	Variable Component	Total
Minor Self-Generation and Supply	\$100.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Minor Distributed Generation	\$100.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Backup Generation and Supply (>75 kW)	\$100.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Intermediate Self-Generation and Supply	\$1,000.00	\$250.00	\$0.00	Sum of Fixed and Variable
Intermediate Distributed Generation	\$1,000.00	\$250.00	\$3.00/kW of installed capacity	Sum of Fixed and Variable

**LICENCE TO PERSONS OF A CLASS**

Licence Category	Application	Annual Licence Fee		
		Fixed Component	Variable Component	Total
Community Generation and Supply	\$1,000.00	\$250.00	\$3.00/kW of installed capacity	Sum of Fixed and Variable
Reseller	\$1,000.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Aggregator	\$2,000.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Temporary Generation	\$150.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

**LICENCE TO A PARTICULAR PERSON**

<b>Licence Category</b>	<b>Application</b>	<b>Annual Licence Fee</b>		<b>Total</b>
		<b>Fixed Component</b>	<b>Variable Component</b>	
Major Self-Generation and Supply	\$2,000.00	\$1000.00	\$0.00	Fixed
Major Distributed Generation	\$2,000.00	\$1000.00	\$4.00/kW of installed capacity	Sum of Fixed and Variable
Independent Power Producers	\$10,000.00	\$10,000.00	0.5% of Gross Audited earnings on sales to entities other than a Network & Retail Licensee	Sum of Fixed and Variable
Network Licence	\$10,000.00	\$10,000.00	0.5% of Gross Audited earnings	Sum of Fixed and Variable
Network and Retail	\$10,000.00	\$0.00	1% of Gross Audited Earnings	Sum of Fixed and Variable
Sole-sourced IPP	\$10,000.00	\$10,000.00	0.5% of Gross Audited earnings on sales to entities other than a Network & Retail Licensee	Sum of Fixed and Variable

SCHEDULE II  
[regulation 28(3)]

CONSENT FEES

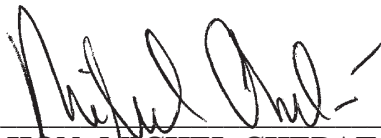
Consent Type	Fee
All Consents	10% of the Relevant Application/Registration Fee

**MADE** by the Public Utilities Commission this 29th day of April, 2026.



DEAN MOLINA  
CHAIRPERSON  
PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

**APPROVED** by the Minister responsible for electricity this 29th day of April, 2026.



HON. MICHEL CHEBAT  
Minister of Public Utilities, Energy and Logistics  
(Minister responsible for electricity)